**VOCABULARY**

**A. Match the vocabulary with the definitions.**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1) elegant \_**g**\_\_ | a)  looking like or relating to styles or fashions from the past. |
| 2) functional \_**e**\_\_ | b) made with the hands or by using hand tools. |
| 3) futuristic \_**h**\_\_ | c)  including the latest information. |
| 4) handmade \_**b**\_\_ | d) to produce very large amounts of (something) usually by using machinery. |
| 5) mass-produce \_**d**\_\_ | e) designed to have a practical use. |
| 6) retro \_**a**\_\_ | f) having flowing lines |
| 7) streamlined \_**f**\_\_ | g) showing good taste : graceful and attractive. |
| 8) up to date \_**c**\_\_ | h) very modern. |

**B. Complete the sentences by using the correct form of the words given.**

**ART**

1) The museum has a large collection of folk *\_***art***\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.*

2) We have discovered some talented **\_\_\_artists\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_** who, with further training, could become professional.

3) Creative, *\_\_\_***artistic***\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_* and spontaneous thoughts are derived from the right hemisphere of the brain.

**DESIGN**

1) As an alternative, they can *\_\_***design***\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_* a new section for their town's Web site.

2) The historical advisers on the film knew that some actual soldiers wore green and told the costume *\_\_\_***designer***\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_* and director.

**DEVELOP**

1) Broccoli needs full sun to *\_\_***develop***\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_*, even in desert climates.

2) He picked it up cheaply when another *\_\_\_***developer***\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_* went bankrupt after putting a handful of houses on it.

3) But the second act, instead of *\_\_***developing***\_\_\_\_\_\_* a plot, changes into a parody.

4) Free, imaginative play is crucial for normal social, emotional and cognitive *\_\_***development***\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.*

**ENGINEER**

1) The *\_\_***engineer***\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_* can virtually remove a part from the model, turn it around, and change its diameter or location.

2) One is to fund research with a strong emphasis on energy *\_\_***engineering***\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_* and science.

**INNOVATE**

1) Here are some ways that the authorities can continue to *\_\_***innovate***\_\_\_\_\_\_\_* and mediate the problem of air pollution.

2) Clearly, it is not enough to have an \_\_\_**innovator**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ strategy, one must also be an *\_\_\_\_***innovation***\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_* in one's choice of words.

3) Through technology and *\_\_\_***innovation***\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_*, they found ways to get better results with less work.

4) Candidates must be *\_\_***innovative***\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_* and creative, and must possess superb communications skills and a collegial leadership style.

**INVENT**

1) Thomas Edison *\_***invented***\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_* the phonograph.

2) But the *\_\_***inventor***\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_* hopes to develop the device, and that the immediate feedback will convince people to change their transportation.

3) The light bulb was one of the most important *\_\_***invention***\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_* of the 19th century.

4) They have given their new company an *\_\_***inventive***\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_* name.

**PRODUCE**

1) Thousands of cars are *\_\_***produced***\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_* here each year.

2) The country is the world's leading oil *\_\_***producer***\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.*

3) The company's newest *\_\_***product***\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_* is selling well.

4) Some staff members are more *\_\_\_***productive***\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_* than others.

**KEY LANGUAGE**

1. **The speaker is introducing a new product. Put the presentation in order from 1 to 7.**

\_**2**\_\_ Today I’d like to present this new design.

\_**4**\_\_ However, the elegant handle is made completely of metal.

\_**1**\_\_ Good morning everyone and thanks for coming.

\_**5**\_\_ Because of this, one of the best points is that it’s unlikely to break when you use it.

\_**7**\_\_ I’d expect that it would appeal to anyone who enjoys a glass of wine with their dinner.

\_**6**\_\_ At £5.50 it’s excellent value for money and …

\_**3**\_\_ As you can see it looks very similar to the old wooden design.

**GRAMMAR**

**A. Rewrite the sentences with the words given in brackets.**

1. Maybe we won’t stay in a hotel. **(might)**

**We might not stay in a hotel.**

2. It is possible that Mary is trying to call us. **(could)**

**Mary could be trying to call us.**

3. There’s no need for him to do ironing now. **(have)**

**He doesn’t have to do ironing now.**

4. I’m sure John isn’t lying. **(can’t)**

**John can’t be lying.**

5. Please turn on the light. **(could)**

**Could you turn on the light, please?**

6. Riding motorbikes in the park is forbidden. **(must)**

**You mustn’t ride motorbikes in the park.**

7. Perhaps he isn’t coming now. **(may)**

**He may not be coming now.**

8. I’m sure you’re very tired. **(must)**

**You must be very tired.**

9. Because of engine trouble, the plane was forced to make an emergency landing. **(had)**

**Because of engine trouble, the plane had to make an emergency landing.**

10. Is it necessary for us to be at school so early tomorrow? **(have)**

**Do we have to be at school so early tomorrow?**

11. You mustn’t go over 90 kph on this road. **(allowed)**

**You aren’t allowed to go over 90 kph on this road.**

12. There’s a possibility that it will rain tomorrow.  **(may)**

**It may rain tomorrow.**

13. I’m not sure, but I expect to finish this project by the end of the week. **(should)**

**I should finish this project by the end of the week.**

14. The children can’t stay up after 9:00 p.m. **(aren’t)**

**The children aren’t allowed to stay up after 9:00 p.m.**

15. We should start studying for the exam now. **( better)**

**We had better start studying for the exam now.**

16. Did he manage to repair the washing machine? **(was)**

**Was he able to repair the washing machine?**

17. You should apologize to Barry. **(ought)**

**You ought to apologize to Barry.**

18. Perhaps these people are waiting for the bus. **(might)**

**These people might be waiting for the bus.**

19. I think it would be a good idea to see my dentist. **(should)**

**I should see my dentist.**

20. It isn’t a good thing to believe whatever you read in the newspaper. **(should)**

**You shouldn’t believe whatever you read in the newspaper.**

21. Don’t touch the top of the oven, it’s still very hot. **(better)**

**You had better not touch the top of the oven, it’s still very hot.**

22. I can’t go out tomorrow. **(won’t)**

**I won’t be able to go out tomorrow.**

23. Wearing a uniform is not obligatory. **(have)**

**We don’t have to wear a uniform.**

24. The lights are on so I’m sure he’s at home. **(must)**

**The lights are on so he must be at home.**

25. I’m sure he’s not American. He hasn’t got an American accent. **(can’t)**

**He can’t be American. He hasn’t got an American accent.**

26. I advise him to practise more, or there’s a possibility that he will forget the meanings of the words. **(better, may)**

**He had better practise more, or he may forget the meanings of the words.**

27. She might not take a vacation this summer. **(probably)**

**She probably won’t take a vacation this summer.**

28. I’m certain that there’s some money in the envelope under the bed. **(must)**

**There must be some money in the envelope under the bed.**

29. Nobody answers the phone so I’m sure they aren’t at home. **(can)**

**Nobody answers the phone so they can’t be at home.**

30. You aren’t allowed to enter the store with a pet. **(must)**

**You mustn’t enter the store with a pet.**

**B. Respond to the statements or questions using the word or words in brackets.**

**e.g. I haven’t eaten anything since breakfast. (must, very)**

 **……..You must be very hungry!.............. .**

1. Mr and Mrs Ravel never go on holiday. (can’t, much money)

………**They can’t have much money**…………….. .

2. The phone is ringing. (might, Jane)

……….**It might be Jane**…………………………………. .

3. My aunt isn’t in the kitchen. (can’t, cook dinner)

………**She can’t be cooking dinner**………………. .

4. We’ve won the lottery! (must, joke!)

………**You must be joking!** ………………………….. .

5. There are three fire engines! (must, fire somewhere)

………**There must be fire somewhere**……………….. .

6. Paul’s taking his umbrella. (must, rain)

………**It must be raining**…………………….. .

7. Whose coat is this? (might, John’s)

………**It might be John’s**……………………………….. .

**EXTRA PRACTICE**

1. **Complete the paragraphs with the most appropriate sentences.**
2. Squirrels live mostly in the forests of Europe and north America. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. That is the size of two of your hands. Behind them and often suspended over their backs are their tails, wide, upright and furry, and almost the same size as their length. Thanks to this long tail, a squirrel can jump from one tree to another without losing its balance.
3. It can readily run along branches
4. **They are about 25 centimeters long**
5. It’s an interesting method of communication
6. Some squirrel species can also fly
7. Sleeping is a great threat to squirrels
8. Snoring cures usually involve clearing the blockage in the breathing passage. This is the reason snorers are advised to lose weight. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. They are also advised to stop smoking (smoking weakens and clogs the throat), and to sleep on their side (to prevent the tongue from blocking the throat). But for many snorers those pieces of advice are not enough.
9. **This stops fat from pressing on the throat.**
10. Surgery is the only option to cure snoring
11. Snoring is usually an involuntary act, but may also be produced
12. Most of the time snoring is not a health risk to the snorer
13. Snoring is known to ruin the lives of many people.
14. People believe that cell phones cause cancer, especially brain cancer. A few studies suggested a link with certain rare types of brain tumors. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ . These studies didn’t receive front-page coverage. Therefore, most consumers could not notice them.

A. Electronic devices, like cell phones, can cause cancer in the people who use them.

B. Using a cell phone while driving increases the risk of having a car accident.

C. Keeping your hands free and your eyes on the road is a more significant issue.

D. Lower frequency radiation has not been proven to cause these DNAS changes.

**E. But most studies show that there is no link between cell phone use and brain cancer.**

1. **Choose the correct sentence with the closest meaning to the given sentence.**

1. I have persuaded Tom to become the new secretary of the club.

1. I am considering Tom for the job of secretary.
2. **I asked Tom to be the secretary of the club and Tom agreed.**
3. Tom is wondering whether to accept to be the secretary.
4. Tom begged to become secretary of the club.
5. I offered Tom to take the job but he didn’t accept it.
6. The only members of the cat family that can roar are lions, leopards, tigers, and jaguars but lions are by far the loudest.
7. Like leopards, tigers, and jaguars, lions are among the members of the cat family that can roar.
8. Since lions come from the same cat family as leopards, tigers and jaguars do, they can roar as loud as the others.
9. **Lions, leopards, tigers, and jaguars are the only four cats that can roar: however, the others can’t roar as loudly as lions do.**
10. The roar of a lion is enough to make other animals, such as leopards, frightened.
11. Lions, leopards, tigers, and jaguars can roar, however, the roar of a lion is not as frightening as the roar of the others.
12. Swimming with the dolphins was something that only a few could ever experience in their lifetime.
13. Swimming with the dolphins in an event that everybody should at least experience once in their lifetime.
14. Although swimming with the dolphins is an unforgettable experience, only a few have the chance to experience it.
15. **Swimming with the dolphins was an event that not many had the chance to experience throughout their lives.**
16. Swimming with the dolphins was and is still something that only a few can experience it in their lifetime.
17. Swimming with the dolphins was such an expensive experience that it could be experienced only once in a lifetime.